APRIL ACTIVITY CALENDAR: PRENATAL TO AGE 2



Monday Tuesday Thursday Wednesday **Friday** WEEK Music and movement! Butterfly breaths. When Water play! Water play is More or less. Help your **Bath song!** Make up a bath child sort clothing and Turn on some music. Move we feel anxious, our bodies sona about bath time. Use a fun! Sing a song like "Baby other objects into piles. For and clap to the rhythm feel it, too. With your child, familiar song like "Wheels on Shark" in the bath while example, socks in one pile and sing along! Try making take some deep breaths the Bus" but use your own namina and pouring water music with pots, pans, and shirts in another. Talk through uour nose and blow words: "Water in the bath over hands/feet/etc. Use plastic containers and a out through your mouth goes splash, splash, splash," plastic cups to explore full/ about which has more, which saying, "Blow out butterflies, empty, sink/float. has less. wooden spoon. etc.). fly away!" WEEK Stack time! Save milk Getting messy! Young Puppet pretend. Make **Action songs.** Sing action Hand to hand. Hold up cartons, Jell-O boxes, or children love getting messy! sock puppets for you and songs together, such as "Ring uour hands to uour child's cereal boxes. Your child Try bubbles, shaving cream, uour child. Have puppets talk Around the Rosie," or "Itsuhands. Talk about the can stack them to make etc. The bathtub or high chair to each other. Pretend that Bitsy Spider." Do the actions different sizes - big/little, tray makes for easy clean up. the puppet is sad or lonely. long/short, and how they feel towers. Practice counting and together. Stay close in case they try Think of ways to help it feel - soft, smooth, rough, etc. guessing how tall you can putting things in their mouth. make them together! better.

WEEK

Everyday fun. Turn chores into fun activities. Let your child help you with everyday chores: vacuuming, sweeping, dusting, folding clothes, etc. Make up and sing a song about what they are doing.

Mirror, mirror on the wall. Act out expressions

with your child in front of a mirror. Demonstrate happy, sad, mad, excited, proud, etc. faces. Point out these faces when looking at books with your child.

finger plaus and activities -

Cake, Ring Around the Rosie,

etc. – that end in a surprise.

memory skills and practice

like Giddy-Whoa, Pat-a-

They help kids develop

anticipating a surprise.

Little helpers. Kids can tear, cut, stack, assemble, chop, stir, mash, grate, roll, spread, sprinkle, measure and pour at snack and meal times! Talk about what they are doing.

Hide and seek! Hide things for your child to find. Wonder aloud as you search with your baby/toddler or give your preschooler clues. Take turns hiding, finding and giving clues. Shape detective. Be a shape detective. Draw a shape on a piece of paper, point out what makes it that shape. Let your child lead you around the house, discovering similar-shaped objects.

WEEK

4

Open sesame! Collect several objects that open and close, e.g., small purse, box, makeup compact, etc. Name and talk about their uses as your child practices opening and closing them. **Surprising rhymes!** Kids Independence day. love predictable rhymes, Toddlers love doing the

Toddlers love doing things independently. Try letting them help stir while you're cooking, put out napkins for dinner, or put shoes in the closet. These encourage problem-solving skills in arowing brains!

Sorting smarts. Practice sorting groups of different items – e.g., carrots/celery, apples/oranges, rocks/sticks, socks/pants – into 2 different piles. Ask, "Which pile does this go in?" "Does this look the same or different?"

Finger tracing. Use your finger to trace shapes/letters/ numbers on your baby, toddler or preschooler's back. Describe what you traced. For older children, have them guess what you are drawing.

savethechildren.org/coronavirus-resources

RESOURCES FROM SAVE THE CHILDREN

APRIL ACTIVITY CALENDAR: PRENATAL TO AGE 2





Your baby's brain is growing so quickly! Our friends at Vroom share more activities and the science behind them.

WEEK 1

TAKE TIME TO WATCH: Take a minute today to watch your child. Pay attention to what they look at. How do they move? What do they sound like? What are they learning? Even when you're busy, responding to what they are learning deepens your connection with them.

Brainy Background: When you're in tune with your child, you'll be able to pay attention to their needs and interests. This deepens the trust between you. Your child needs this security to reach out into the world to explore, experiment, discover, and learn.

WEEK 2

DAILY DISCOVERIES: What is your child doing? Reaching for a toy? Hitting two blocks together to make a sound? As they discover their world, pay attention, smile and use words that they will learn someday, "You reached out your fingers and got your toy."

Brainy Background: When you pay attention to what your child does and share their delight in doing and learning, you start them on the path to become a lifelong learner.

WEEK 3

SONG TRADITIONS (1-2 years): Sing the same songs daily that explain what you're doing with your child (for example, leaving the room, shutting the lights, finishing eating, wiping faces and washing hands, changing diapers, or counting fingers and toes).

Brainy Background: Children love traditions. Singing about their daily activities provides the comfort of a known routine. In addition, it helps your child make connections between their experiences and new words. They learn language from your singsong voice.

WEEK 4

IT'S ALL NEW (0-12 months): Almost everything is new to your child in their first year. So describe what you see. "There goes the yellow school bus. "Beep, beep!" Let them see, hear, smell and even touch things, if possible. Notice what they're interested in and have a back-and-forth chat. "You see the big tree? What else do you see?"

Brainy Background: When you chat back-and-forth with your child, you help them begin to learn words. They're making connections between words and what they represent. This is an important language skill. By responding to their interests, you're prompting them to learn more.



PARENT AND CAREGIVER CORNER

For pregnant parents: Attachment starts well before babies are born. You may be starting to feel your baby moving. Touching your baby when they move and talking and singing when they move supports their development in the womb.

For parents with infants and toddlers: We understand. We understand that as you may have your child more and more at home with you or in your workspace, this can be stressful because you are now juggling multiple needs at one time. Also, it's understandable that you may be feeling worried and frustrated because your child does not yet have the cognitive skills to fully understand why you may not be able to always spend time with them or why schedules have been turned upside down the past few weeks.

To ease your stress, try taking five minutes in the morning or evening to do some slow, deep breaths. If you can, even do this breathing with your child. With or without your child, try the following: Stand up, as you raise your hands above your head, breathe in. Say to yourself (and to your child), "Let's reach for the sky!" Then breathe out, bending over and bringing arms to the floor, saying, "Reach for the earth, the flowers, the grass..." Repeat this 5-6 times and you'll find your mind is more centered and breathing is more in control. **Remember, we're in this together!**